

Broadcast Burning in Western Oregon: Operational and Cost Considerations



Broadcast Burning in Western Oregon

- Brian Schrag – Senior Forester
 - 20 years burning experience in Western Oregon
 - Roseburg Resources primary burn boss
- Dave Cramsey – Oregon Forestry Manager
 - 25 years burning experience in Western Oregon
 - Current Industrial Landowner Rep on ODF's Smoke Management Advisory Committee





WHO WE ARE

- Privately held company with manufacturing facilities located throughout North America.
- Founded in 1936 by Kenneth Ford in Roseburg, OR
- Timberlands in Oregon, Virginia, and North Carolina
- Today our company employs over 3,200 people



Intensive Silviculture Regime

- Pre-Harvest Hack and Squirt
- Site Prep Spray
- Slash Treatment (As-Is, Scarify, Burn)
- Trap Mountain Beaver
- Plant Large Seedlings (7mm min)
- 2 Years Herb Spraying
- 2 Years Stocking Surveys
- Manual Release (Year 3-5)
- Aerial Fertilization (year 20+)



Intensive Silviculture Regime



Broadcast Burning in Western Oregon

Roseburg Resources Burn Program

- 1500 burn acres on average planned annually
 - 700 to 1400 burn acres accomplished annually
 - Condition Burners – we will take advantage of appropriate conditions to accomplish burns
-
- Fall, Winter, Spring, early Summer



WHY BURN?

1. Prepares the site for planting
2. Better Tree Distribution & Increased Volume
3. Hardwood & Brush Control
4. Animal Control
5. Fire Protection



PREPARES THE SITE FOR PLANTING

- Burned Site Advantages
 - Reduced Planting Labor – approx. \$35/ac
 - Options for varied stock types and sizes
 - Increased access to planting spots
 - More uniform tree distribution
 - Increased planting quality



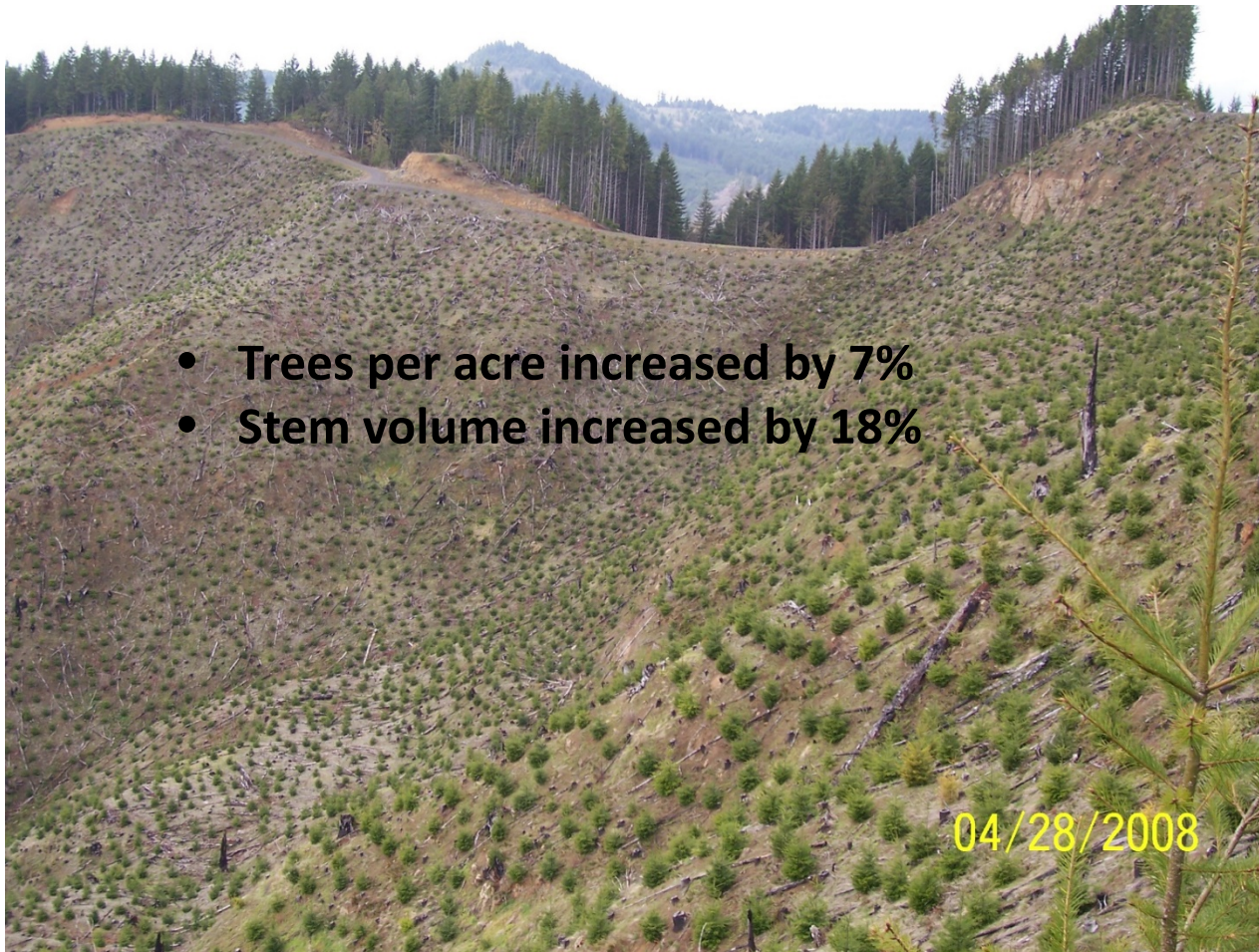
PREPARES THE SITE FOR PLANTING BEFORE



PREPARES THE SITE FOR PLANTING AFTER



BETTER DISTRIBUTION & VOLUME



- Trees per acre increased by 7%
- Stem volume increased by 18%

HARDWOOD CONTROL

- Fire does prevent Red Alder from resprouting
- Burned sites are typically lower cost for hand applied clump treatments – approx. \$15/ac
- Burning does knock back existing clumps providing an opportunity to delay treatment



HARDWOOD CONTROL

Red Alder Resprout



Red Alder Resprout



ANIMAL CONTROL

MOUNTAIN BEAVER

Burning:

- Reduces Population
- Exposes Tunnels for Trappers & Predators
- Reduces Acres to Trap
- Reduces cost/ac approx. \$50/trapped acre (2x)



ANIMAL CONTROL

RODENTS

Burning:

- Reduces Population
- Modifies Habitat
- Exposes to Predators



ANIMAL CONTROL

“OR LACK OF”

Big Game - Remember not all sites are equal



FIRE PROTECTION

Broadcast Burning

- Reduces Fuel Loading
- Makes Defensible Space
- Reduces Ignition Areas



FIRE PROTECTION

2 Yr Old Burned Plantation

3 Yr Old Burned Plantation

Fall Creek Fire

08/24/2006



FIRE PROTECTION

Slash Burn Protected Our Resources



SO YOU WANT TO BE A BURNER?

1. MAKE A PLAN
2. GET INVOLVED
3. IMPLEMENT YOUR PLAN ON THE GROUND



MAKE A PLAN

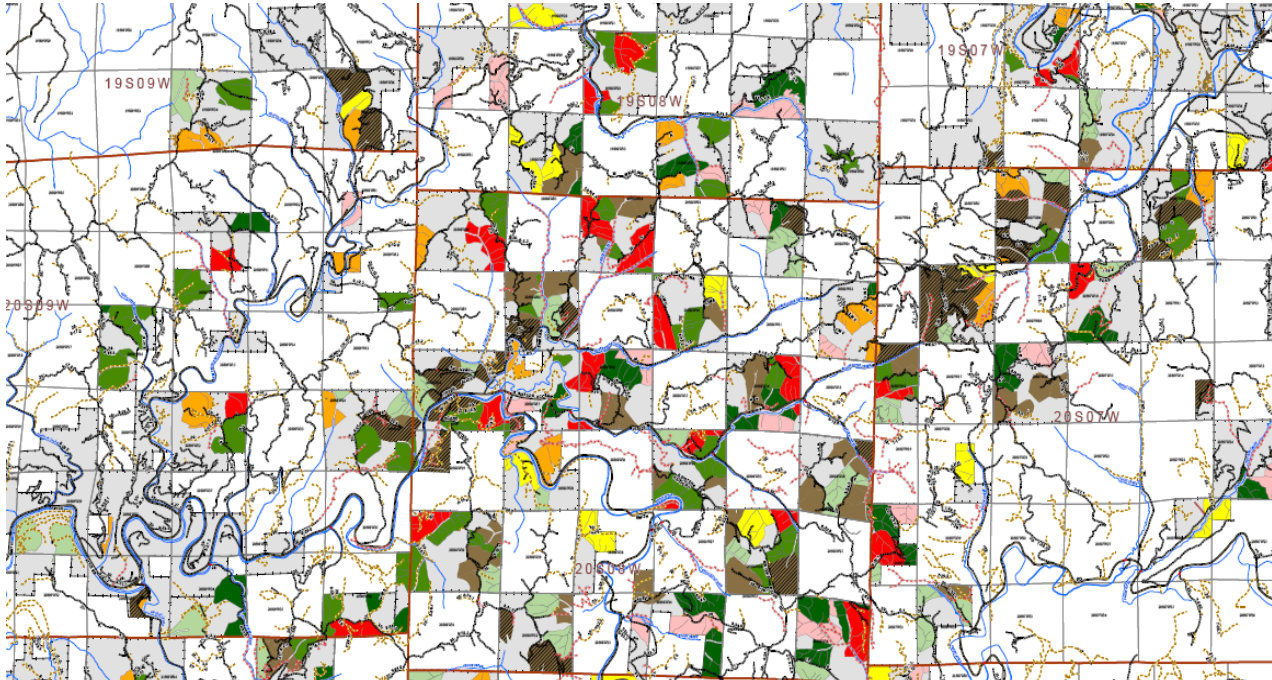
1. WHERE
2. WHEN
3. HOW



MAKE A PLAN

WHERE

- Starts with tract planning
- Coastal sites
- Public Access



MAKE A PLAN

- Surrounding Fuel Types
 - Closed Canopy Forest or Unburned Reprod?
- Property Lines
 - Neighbors? Property Line Locations?
- Topography
 - Gentle or Steep
 - Broad Aspects or Narrow Canyons
- Aspect



MAKE A PLAN

TIMING

- Fall
- Winter
- Spring

Be ready to burn when the conditions warrant



MAKE A PLAN

HOW

- PRE-BURN SPRAY
- FIRE TRAILS (HAND VS DOZER)
- IGNITION (HAND VS AERIAL)
- Mopup



MAKE A PLAN

Pre-Burn Spray



MAKE A PLAN

Fire Trails

HAND



DOZER



MAKE A PLAN

Ignition

- Burn Piles in the Fall
- Piles create ignition problems
- Piles hold heat



MAKE A PLAN

Ignition

HAND



AERIAL



MAKE A PLAN

Be Prepared



IMPLEMENT YOUR PLAN ON THE GROUND



IMPLEMENT YOUR PLAN ON THE GROUND



IMPLEMENT YOUR PLAN ON THE GROUND



ASPECT BURNING

- Identify South Aspects
- Be flexible Opportunistic
- Know Your Fuel Moistures

04/28/2008



COSTS

- Average Broadcast Burn Costs = \$150/ac
 - Trailing = \$40/ac
 - Ignition = \$40/ac
 - Mop up = \$65/ac
 - Loss = \$5/ac



Costs – Average Unit Example

	<u>BURN UNIT \$/AC</u>	<u>AS-IS UNIT \$/AC</u>
Pre-Burn	\$55	\$0
Burn	\$150	\$0
Site Prep	\$45	\$55
Plant & Trees	\$395	\$430
Trapping (2X)	\$25	\$75
Herbs (2X)	\$110	\$110
<u>RP, Rel Sprays</u>	<u>\$95</u>	<u>\$130</u>
Total Invested	\$875	\$800



COSTS – Average Unit Example

	<u>BURN UNIT \$/AC</u>	<u>AS-IS UNIT \$/AC</u>
Total Invested	\$875	\$800
Increased Yield Needed for Breakeven:		
NPV at 5%	2.7 mbf/ac	
NPV at 6%	3.5 mbf/ac	
Fire Protection Value	??	
Training Value	??	



CHALLENGES

- Adverse mid slopes
- Neighbors, Nearby Operations
- Plastic pipes
- Technical Knowledge
- Competent Crews
- Smoke Management
- Public Perception



CHALLENGES



CHALLENGES



CHALLENGES



CHALLENGES

Smoke Management - Oregon

- Understand the Oregon Smoke Mgmt Plan
- Accurately Rate Unit Acres and Tons
- Know Air shed Limitations



CHALLENGES

Smoke Management - Oregon

- Work Closely with Local Protection Districts
- Proposed Changes to ODF Smoke Plan
 - New Definition of Intrusion
 - Increased use of pile covers



CHALLENGES

Public Perceptions

- Western Oregon Fire History
- Balance of RX Smoke vs Wildfire Smoke
- Use of RX Burns to Minimize Wildfires
- Broad Outreach & Education Needed



SUMMARY

- **Burning is a practice that can:**
 - **Increase plantation performance**
 - **Be done cost effectively**
 - **Reduce Future Fires**
- **Take Commitment & Coordination**
 - **Internally within your Company**
 - **Externally with Agencies**
 - **Public Education**
- **Management needs to be on board**
- **Technology may improve results**



Broadcast Burning in Western Oregon: Questions?



 **Roseburg**
A Forest Products Company

