

#### Reforestation for the Future: Future Concerns, Shaping your Reforestation Plans and the Seedlot Selection Tool

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## **Objectives**

- 1. Introduce the Seedlot Selection Tool
- 2. Provide some examples
- 3. Discuss implications of climate change



# Background

#### 1. Plants are adapted to local climates

#### Douglas-Fir Seed Source Movement Trial



Seed-Source Frost-Free Period (days)

*Floras – warm site* Frost-free days = 308

**Doorstop – cool site** Frost-free days = 190

#### Local adaptation

Sources from climates similar to the planting site are among the tallest at each site



## Lessons from Forestry



- Early observations of poor growth and survival
- Maladaptation took time to develop
- Led to first seed movement guidelines in 1939
  - 100 miles north or south
  - 1,000 ft in elevation
  - Considerations for unusual climates, topography or soils

# 2. Seed zones and population movement guidelines developed to ensure adaptation

- Based primarily on collective knowledge of climate and vegetation types
- Includes 500 ft elevation bands within zones
- Later revised in OR and WA to account for species-specific patterns of adaptation



# 2. Seed zones and population movement guidelines developed to ensure adaptation

Bluebunch Wheatgrass Seed Zones



St.Clair, Kilkenny, Johnson, Shaw, Weaver. 2013. Genetic variation in adaptive traits and seed transfer zones for Pseudoroegneria spicata (bluebunch wheatgrass) in the northwestern United States. Evolutionary Applications 6: 933-948 Generalized Provisional Seed Zones



Bower, St.Clair, Erickson. 2014. Generalized provisional seed zones for native plants. Ecological Applications 24: 913-919



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#### 3. But climates are changing, which affects adaptation



Figure courtesy of Sally Aitken, UBC

#### 3. But climates are changing, which affects adaptation

hot



And mismatched with future climate

4. We can manage genetic variation to positively influence how plants respond and adapt to climate change





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C A https://seedlotselectiontool.org/sst/

#### Seedlot Selection Tool

#### About Tool Saved Runs

#### Planting Healthy Forests

The seedlot selection tool (SST) is a GIS mapping program designed to help forest managers match seedlots with planting sites based on climatic information. The climates of the planting sites can be chosen to represent current climates, or future climates based on selected climate change scenarios.



#### 1. Select Objective

You can find seedlots for your planting site or planting sites for your seedlot



You can click on the map or enter coordinates to locate your seedlot or planting site



You can select historical, current, or future climates for your seedlots of planting sites



2050

#### 4. Select Transfer Limit Method

You can use an existing zone to calculate a transfer limit or enter your own custom limit



You can use species-specific or generic zones and transfer limits



If you use the zone method, you can select among the available zones for your location



#### 7. Select Climate Variables

You can use a variety of climate variables to match your seedlot and planting site



#### 8. Map your Results

The map shows where to find appropritate seedlots of planting sites

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## **Seedlot Selection Tool**





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### Can address two objectives:

#### Given a planting site

#### <u>Which seedlot</u> is well adapted today...or in the future?



## Given a <u>seedlot</u> <u>Where</u> is it well adapted today...or in the future?



#### **Example: Finding seedlots for Malheur NF burn site**



#### Seedlots adapted to Malheur NF planting site



#### Seedlots adapted to Malheur NF planting site



#### Seedlots adapted to Malheur NF planting site



#### Planting sites for Ochoco NF seedlot

#### Seedlot Selection Tool Purpose Instructions More Information -People News & Updates Report an Issue Account -About Tool Saved Runs Willow + Locate your seedlot (its climatic center) -Use the map or enter coordinates MORROW CILLIAM 23 La Grande Lat: 44.3200 Lon: -119.8700 ٥ NION Elevation: 5463 ft 0 Select climate scenarios Which climate are the seedlots adapted to? 1961 - 1990 🗸 When should trees be best adapted to the planting site? 1981 - 2010 V Select transfer limit method Ø, WHEELER Custom Zone Bak **Recent Climate** BAKER Which should be used as the climatic center? The value at the selected location OThe climatic center of the zone RUDO MOUNTA N INS Select a species Burn Siver GRANT O\_hoco Generic V National Taha Day Rive Select zone Oregon (1966/1973) Zone 911, 5000' - 5500' V Select climate variables Planting sites Metric Imperial Units: Center Transfer limit (+/-) Bully Creek Name Available seedlot 0 -3.3 °C MCMT 1.35 °C 0 MAP 603 mm 242 mm Add a variable. V Match 6 Map your Results High Run Tool Low

# Climate Change

#### Two questions:

- 1. Are native populations adapted to current and future climates?
- 2. If not, how far do we have to go to find populations adapted to a planting site (assisted migration)?

#### Answer:



"Now, here, you see, it takes all the running you can do, to keep in the same place."

The Red Queen from Lewis Caroll's Through the Looking-Glass

























# Do we really have to worry about climate change?

- 1. Are native populations adapted to current and future climates?
- 2. If not, how far do we have to go to find populations adapted to a planting site (assisted migration)?
- In the short-term (next decade, maybe two), local populations are adapted to the local climate (within range of current transfer guidelines)
- Better-adapted populations may be found at lower elevations or further south
- In the long-term (by mid- to late-century), local populations are at high risk of maladaptation to the projected climates
- Adapted populations (i.e., from similar climates as present) are found pretty far away, generally far south
- In some cases, no analogous climates exist in the future



"Now, here, you see, it takes all the running you can do, to keep in the same place."

The Red Queen from Lewis Caroll's *Through the Looking-Glass* 

#### **Climate change considerations**

- Decisions now may have long-term implications.
- Artificial regeneration will be more important in the future because of climate change.



- Most critical phase is stand establishment; although climate is a moving target, choose sources adapted to climates of the next 20 yrs.
- Large moves are not necessary; move to planting sites that are 2°C cooler than present; within current seed movement guidelines.
- Use mixtures of seed sources to account for uncertainty and climate change over the life of a stand.
- Seed zones and seed movement guidelines should be based on climate rather than geography; bulked over a smaller climatic range.
- Consider gene conservation activities to conserve populations.
- Research is important, but lack of knowledge is not an excuse for inaction.

## Summary

- Powerful tool to explore where climates occur now and how those change in the future
- Allows user to determine appropriate seedlots or populations for reforestation or restoration
- Allows users to explore different assumptions
  - Climate variables important for adaptation for species of interest
  - Appropriate transfer limits for species of interest -- as well as risk level of user
  - Time periods of concern for adaptation
  - Future emission pathways
- Tool is only as good as the knowledge behind it
  - Climate interpolation
  - Climate change scenarios
  - How species are adapted to their environments

## People and funding

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consbio.org/products/webinars/climate-smartseedlot-selection-tool









United States Department of Agriculture Northwest Climate Hub "There are risks and costs to a program of action. But they are far less than the long

range risks and costs of comfortable inaction."

- John F. Kennedy

# Questions

https://seedlotselectiontool.org/sst/

### **Gene conservation: Chihuahuan spruce**



### Locations of climate in 2025 + RCP8.5



### Climate space disappears by mid-century



### But occurs in CA and OR now...



#### ... and in the future



Ecatepec de Morelo Leaflet | Tiles © Esri - Esri, DeLorme, NAVTEQ







#### Seedlots for planting site in Oregon Cascades



#### Seedlots for planting site in Oregon Cascades



### Seedlots for planting site – Recent climate



### Seedlots for planting site – 2020s + RCP4.5



### Seedlots for planting site – 2050s + RCP4.5



### Seedlots for planting site – 2080s + RCP4.5



### Seedlots for planting site – 2080s + RCP8.5

