

Alternative Techniques for Stabilizing Legacy Roads with Access Challenges

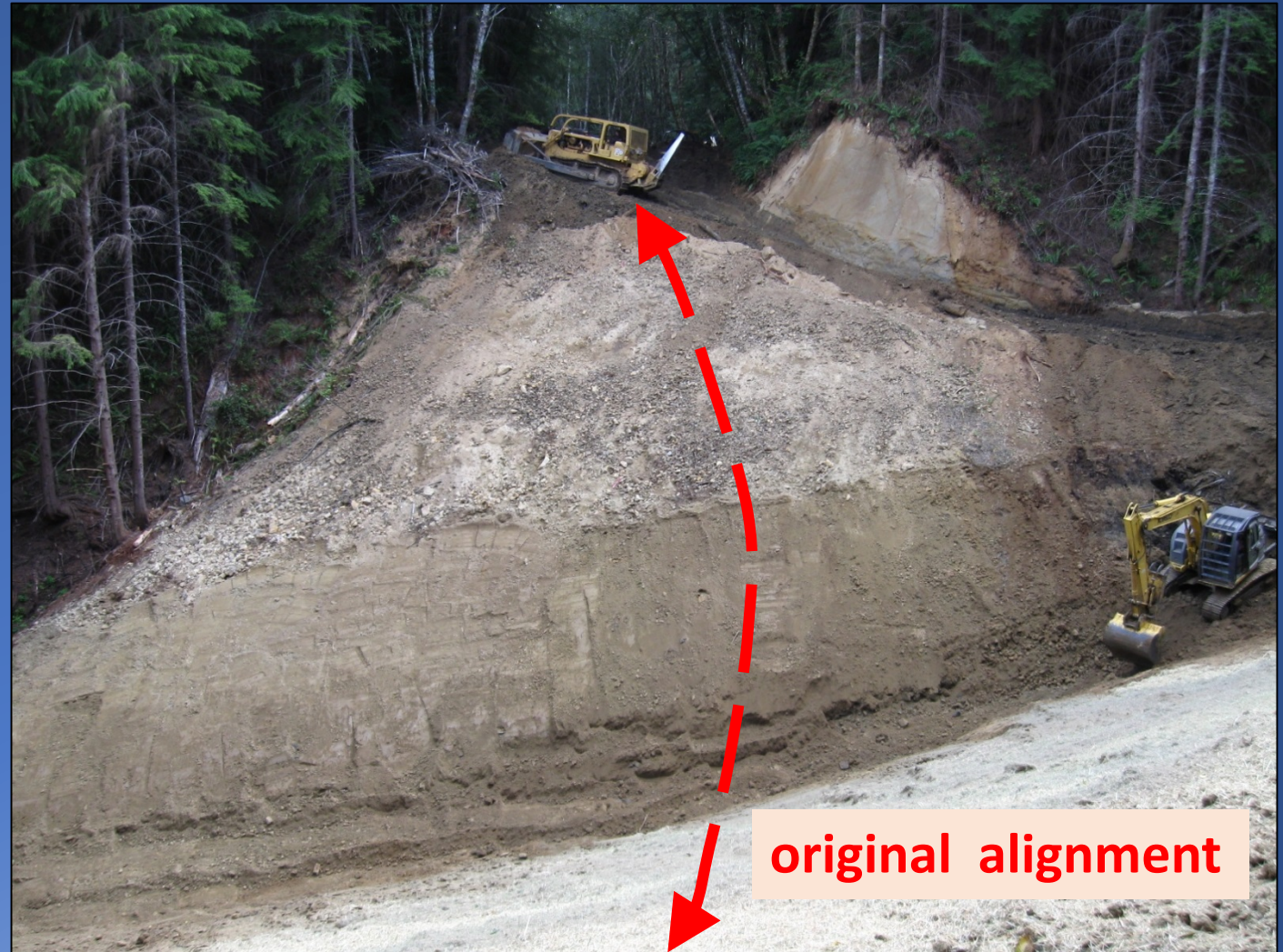
*Jill Bell, Area Manager
Susan Shaw, Geologist*

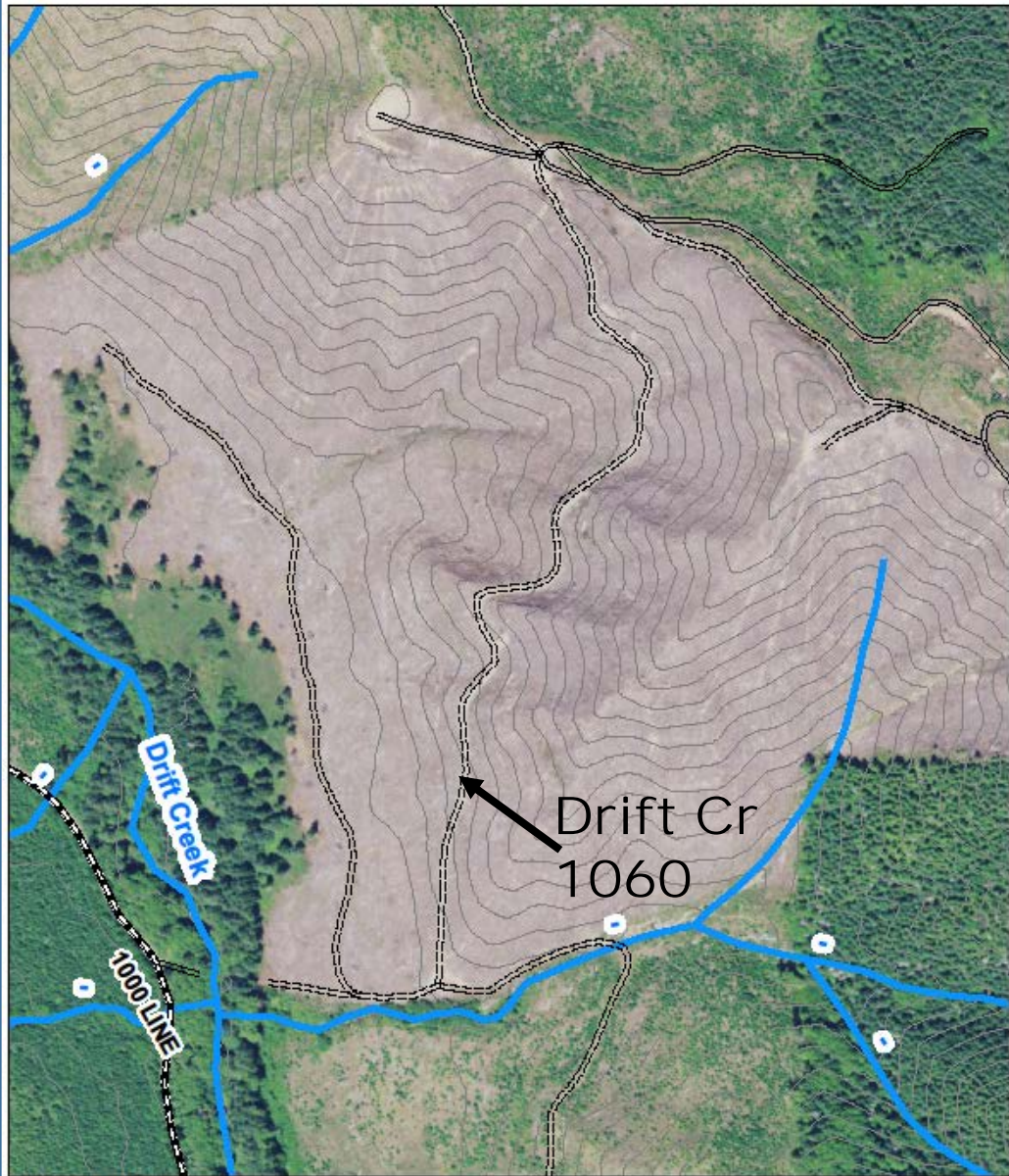
*Weyerhaeuser Company
Springfield, OR*



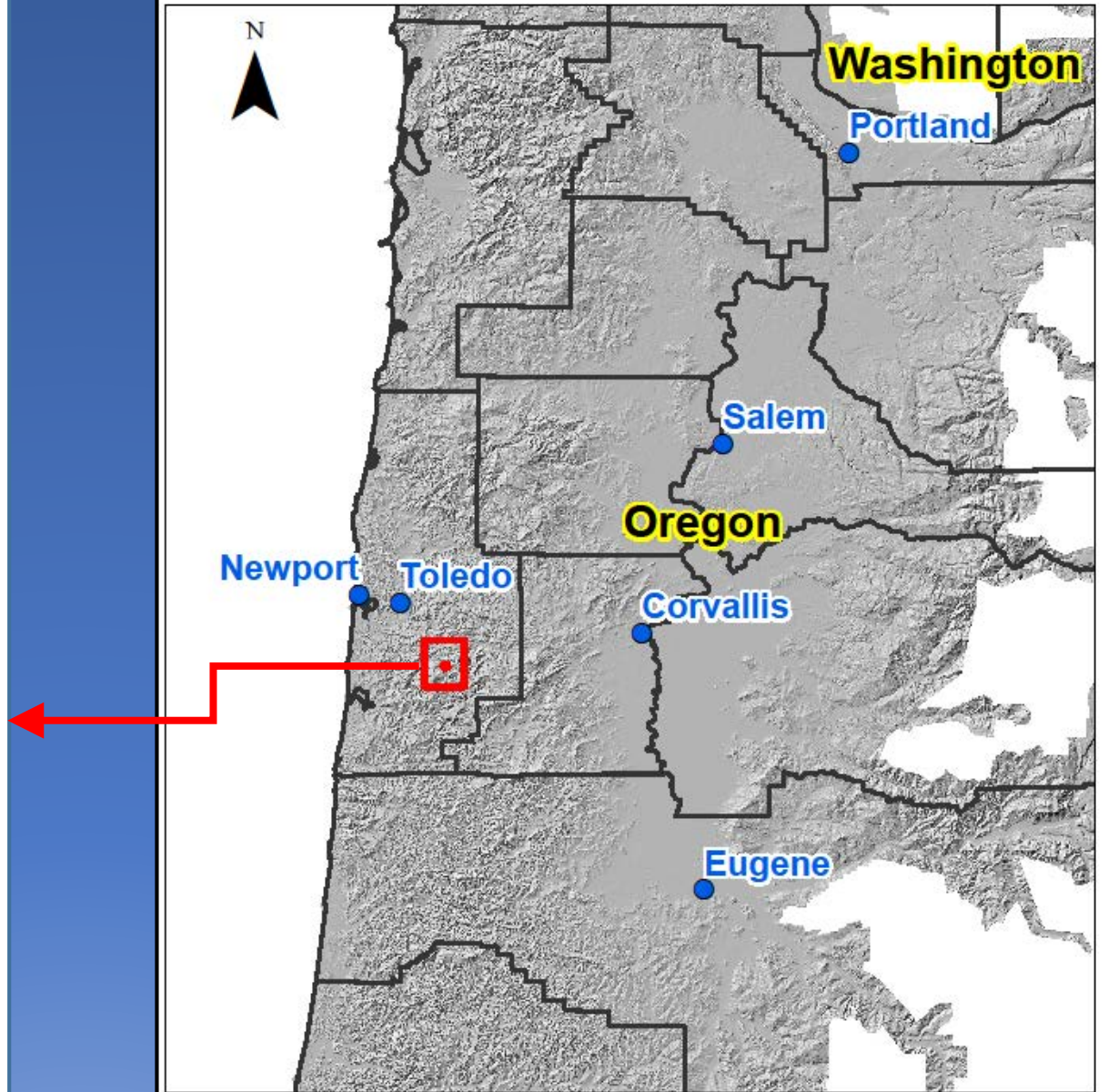
Alternatives for stabilizing failed legacy roads

- rebuild
- realign
- vacate (decommission or deactivate)
- abandon permanently
 - obliterate where feasible
 - walk away when inaccessible (e.g. orphaned roads)



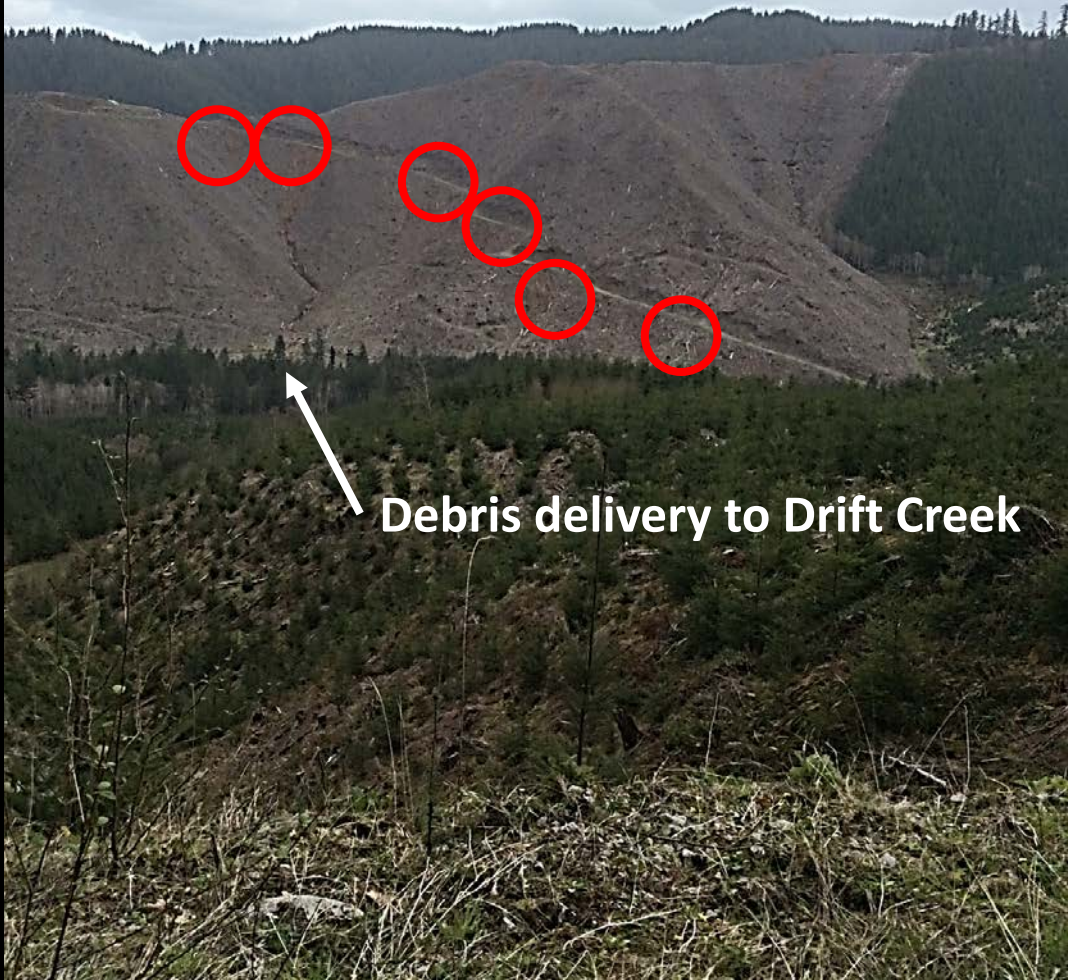


2016 NAIP image
40 ft LDEM contours



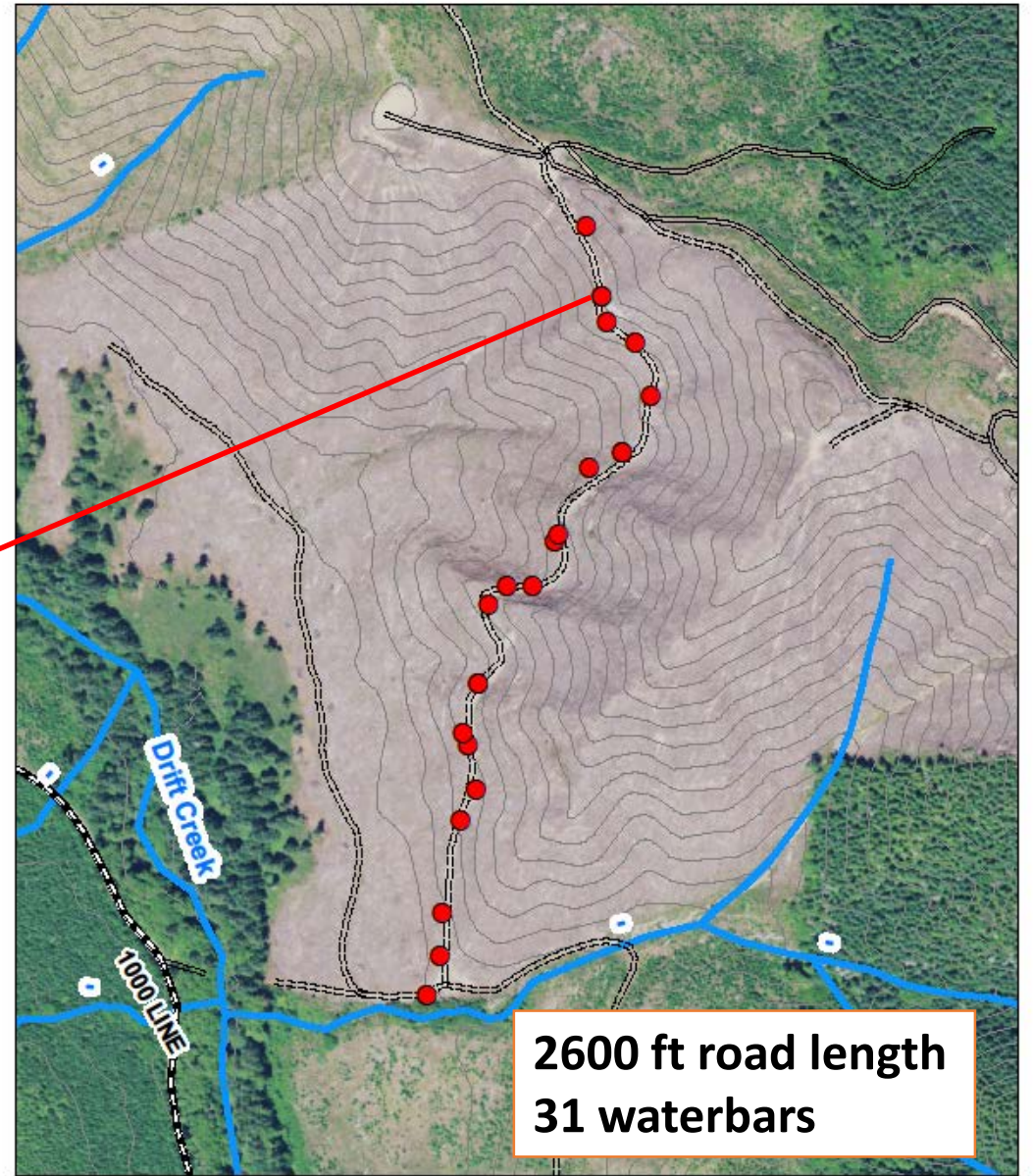
Lidar-derived hillshade image

**Storm-induced failures in road fill, sidecast,
and waste deposits
(Dec. 2016 – Jan. 2017)**



Oregon Department of Forestry:
Written Statement of Unsatisfactory Condition:

- sidecast & fill stabilized by Feb. 2017
- road vacated by Sept. 2017

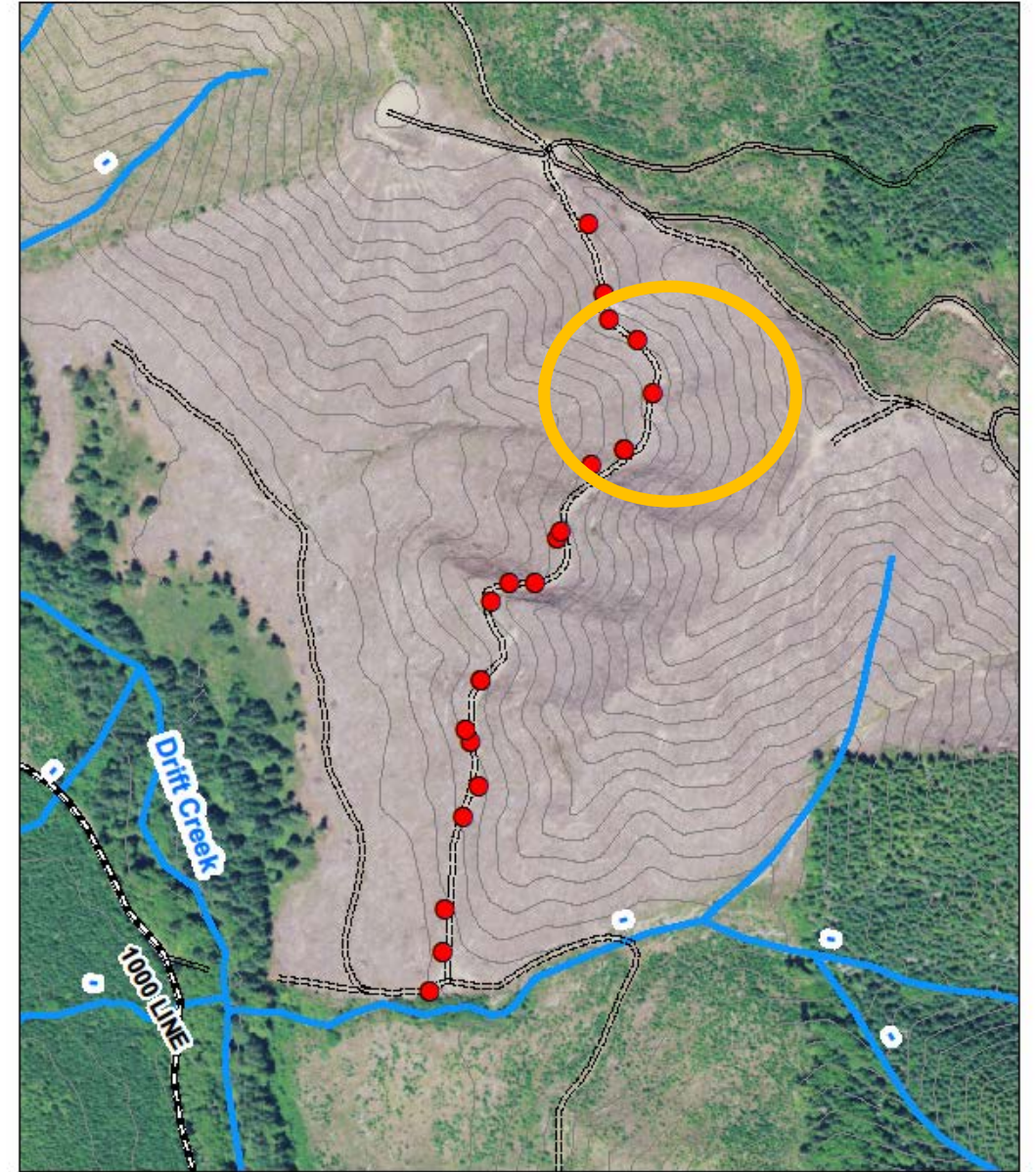


2016 NAIP image
40 ft LDEM contours

2016 Google Earth image



 old shallow landslide complex



2016 NAIP image

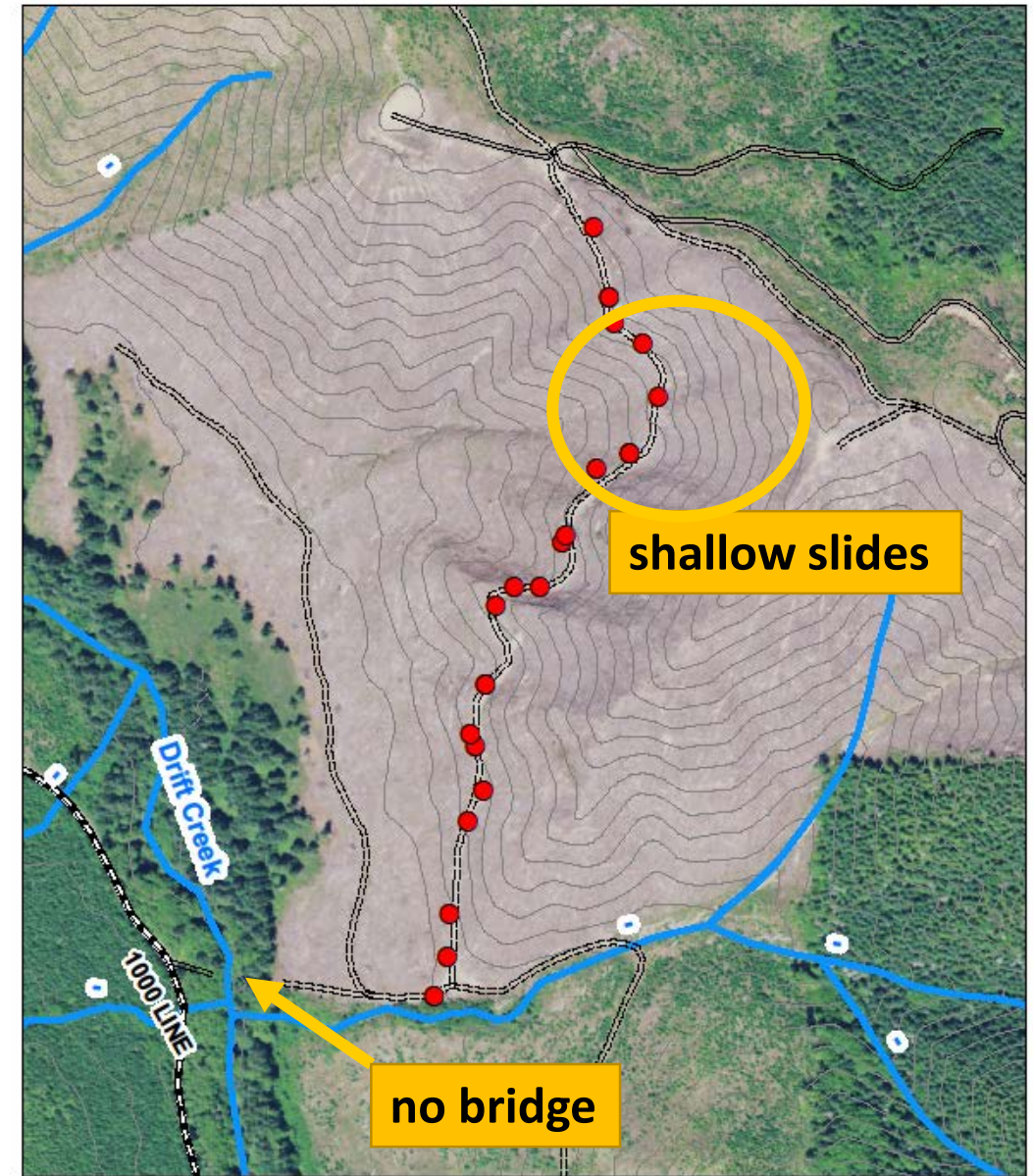
40 ft LDEM contours

 waterbars



Road stabilization and abandonment challenges

- Potential for road realignment to trigger catastrophic shallow landslides
- No bridge over Drift Creek
- Steep grade (20+ percent)
- Upper 1/3 of road unsafe for heavy equipment
- Full sidecast removal not possible with conventional equipment



2016 NAIP image
40 ft LDEM contours



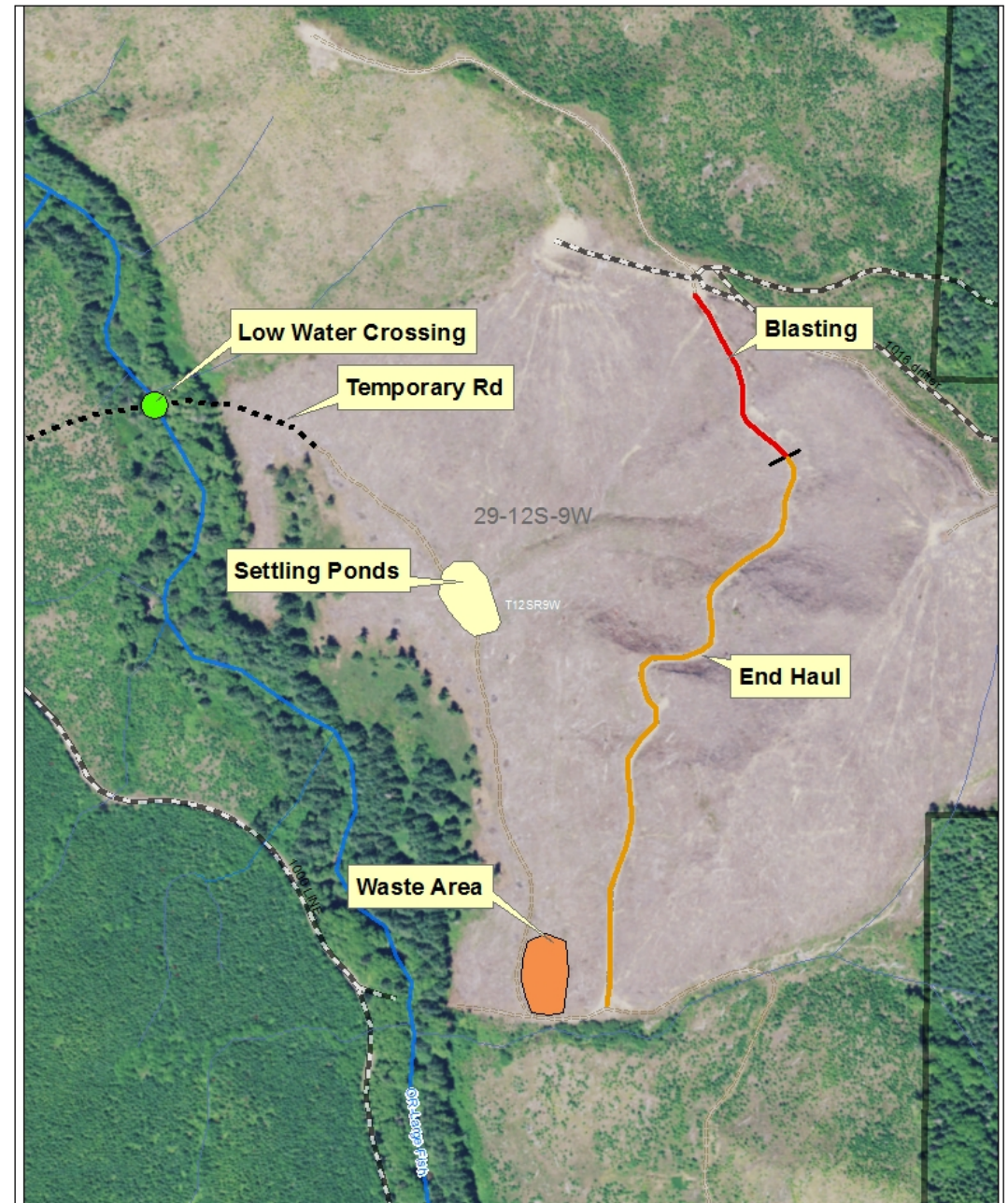






Project Breakdown

Blasting	End Haul
600 feet	2,000 feet
Drill	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Excavator • Dump trucks • Off-hwy truck
Full road abandonment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sidecast pullback • Waterbar abandonment • Outslope road
Even dispersal of material across hillside	Material placed in waste area



2016 NAIP Image

1 inch = 375 feet





Blasting Specs & Cost Comparison

	Shot 1	Shot 2
Linear Road Length (ft)	400	200
Drill Bit Diameter (in)	3.5	3.5
Hole Spacing (ft)	6 x 6	6 x 6
Min Depth (ft)	5	3
Max Depth (ft)	18	18
Total Number of Holes	258	122
Total Bore Footage (ft)	2961	1233
Max Wt of Explosives/Hole (lb)	56.73	60.27
Powder Factor (lb/TMCY)	2.37	1.37



Cost Breakdown: Blasting vs Pull Back

**Per linear foot of road treated:
blasting cost 4.8 times pull back**

Did it work?





Sidecast pullback on lower 2/3 road



35 ft. maximum excavator reach





Conclusions

PROS	CONS
Full road abandonment	Expensive
Even dispersal of material	May not be effective in timbered areas
Effective in areas with limited access	Dependent on soil type & conditions
Effective in areas with no viable waste areas	Limited to dry season only
Eliminates road drainage issues present in pullback areas	
Eliminates safety issues of equipment working on steep or unstable ground	
Reduction in landslide potential	

Would we try blasting again?

ABSOLUTELY

QUESTIONS?

Credits & Acknowledgement:

Video Credits: Aggregate Resource Industries, Inc

Photo Credits: Jill Bell, Matthew Fiorito, Susan Shaw

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- Stokes Construction
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